

SQream Connector Native C++ 1.2.0

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The SQream Native C++ Connector - Overview

- This guide describes the implementation of the SQream Native C++ connector and is designed for SQream DB administrators and developers.
- The SQream Native C++ connector gives structures to initialize a connection, run SQL queries through the connection (statements), enables network streaming (insert, select).
- SQream connector protocol version: 6

1. API Reference

To use the functions include the connector main .h file ("SQream-cpp-connector.h"). This will give the application access to the interfaces. It is also needed later to possess the .so of the library in a way that the using program can compile and link to it.

The connector functions are situated in the name space "sqream::driver" and for the rest of the documentation all the functions are assumed to be called using this name space.

1.1. Connection

Table 1. Initializing and closing connections

Function	Description
driver()	The constructor creating the handle to the connection
connect(const std::string &ipv4,int port,bool ssl,const std::string &username,const std::string &password,const std::string &database),std::string &service)	Connects the handle to the sqream, accessing its database ipv4 - IP address as a string. port - port number SQream is listening on. ssl - True / false. If true, connect to SQream using SSL port. username, password - connection credentials. default is 'sqream' for both. database - name of database to connect to. service - name of the service to connect to.
disconnect()	Close the connection handle and reset the driver

1.2. Statement

Table 2. Statement execution

Function	Description
new_query(const std::string &sql_query)	Starts a new statement resetting any statement related datas and follows it by Prepare
execute_query()	Executes the statement of the current statement. Comes after prepare().

Function	Description
<code>next_query_row()</code>	On an insert query - start setting the next row for insertion. SQream does not support partial inserts. On a select query - move to next row index to start selecting items from various columns using <code>get()</code> functions
<code>finish_query()</code>	Closes the statement

1.3. Helper functions

Table 3. Additional functions in order to accomplish a broader amount of operations or give access to some internal numbers

Function	Description
<code>new_query_execute(driver *drv, std::string sql_query)</code>	Operates the protocol until the statement is executed, this function is a shortcut and <code>set_types</code> or <code>get_types</code> functions can be executed right after
<code>void run_direct_query(driver *drv, std::string sql_query)</code>	Executes a query from start to end (closes the statement). This function is a shortcut for when you don't need to see any input/output like a DDL type of query ("create table" etc)
<code>std::vector<column></code> <code>get_metadata(driver *drv)</code>	Returns the metadata of the current statement if available (after a Prepare) or else an empty vector

1.4. High level protocol functions

Table 4. Retrieve results from a select query by column index

Function	Description
<code>is_null(size_t col_id)</code>	Check whether the value in column index <code>col_id</code> is a null
<code>get_bool(size_t col_id)</code>	Get bool value from column index <code>col_id</code> at the current row
<code>get_ubyte(size_t col_id)</code>	Get <code>uint8_t</code> value from column index <code>col_id</code> at the current row
<code>get_short(size_t col_id)</code>	Get <code>int16_t</code> value from column index <code>col_id</code> at the current row
<code>get_int(size_t col_id)</code>	Get <code>int32_t</code> value from column index <code>col_id</code> at the current row
<code>get_long(size_t col_id)</code>	Get <code>int64_t</code> value from column index <code>col_id</code> at the current row
<code>get_float(size_t col_id)</code>	Get float value from column index <code>col_id</code> at the current row
<code>get_double(size_t col_id)</code>	Get double value from column index <code>col_id</code> at the current row
<code>get_date(size_t col_id)</code>	Get <code>uint32_t</code> value from column index <code>col_id</code> at the current row
<code>get_datetime(size_t col_id)</code>	Get <code>uint64_t</code> value from column index <code>col_id</code> at the current row
<code>get_varchar(size_t col_id)</code>	Get string value from column index <code>col_id</code> at the current row
<code>get_nvarchar(size_t col_id)</code>	Get string value from column index <code>col_id</code> at the current row

Table 5. Retrieve results from a select query by column name

Function	Description
<code>is_null(string col_name)</code>	Check whether the value in column named <code>col_name</code> is a null
<code>get_bool(string col_name)</code>	Get Boolean value from column named <code>col_name</code> at the current row
<code>get_ubyte(String col_name)</code>	Get UByte value from column named <code>col_name</code> at the current row
<code>get_short(string col_name)</code>	Get Short value from column named <code>col_name</code> at the current row
<code>get_int(string col_name)</code>	Get Int value from column named <code>col_name</code> at the current row
<code>get_long(string col_name)</code>	Get Long value from column named <code>col_name</code> at the current row
<code>get_float(string col_name)</code>	Get Float value from column named <code>col_name</code> at the current row
<code>get_double(string col_name)</code>	Get Double value from column named <code>col_name</code> at the current row
<code>get_date(string col_name)</code>	Get Date value from column named <code>col_name</code> at the current row
<code>get_datetime(string col_name)</code>	Get Datetime value from column named <code>col_name</code> at the current row
<code>get_varchar(string col_name)</code>	Get Varchar value from column named <code>col_name</code> at the current row
<code>get_nvarchar(string col_name)</code>	Get Nvarchar value from column named <code>col_name</code> at the current row

Table 6. Set data by index following a bulk insert query

Function	Description
<code>set_null(size_t col)</code>	Set column at index <code>col</code> in the current row to null
<code>set_bool(size_t col, bool val)</code>	Set column at index <code>col</code> of type Boolean in the current row
<code>set_ubyte(size_t col, uint8_t val)</code>	Set column at index <code>col</code> of type UByte in the current row - unsigned bytes only
<code>set_short(size_t col, uint16_t val)</code>	Set column at index <code>col</code> of type Short in the current row
<code>set_int(size_t col, uint32_t val)</code>	Set column at index <code>col</code> of type Int in the current row
<code>set_long(size_t col, uint64_t val)</code>	Set column at index <code>col</code> of type Long in the current row
<code>set_float(size_t col, float val)</code>	Set column at index <code>col</code> of type Float in the current row
<code>set_double(size_t col, double val)</code>	Set column at index <code>col</code> of type Double in the current row
<code>set_date(size_t col, uint32_t val)</code>	Set column at index <code>col</code> of type Date in the current row
<code>set_datetime(size_t col, uint64_t val)</code>	Set column at index <code>col</code> of type Datetime in the current row
<code>set_varchar(size_t col, string val)</code>	Set column at index <code>col</code> of type Varchar in the current row
<code>set_nvarchar(size_t col, string val)</code>	Set column at index <code>col</code> of type Nvarchar in the current row

2. Code Samples

2.1. Import and establish a connection

Example

```
#include "SQream-cpp-connector.h"

// Connection parameters: IP, Port, Database, Username, Password
sqream::driver sqc;
sqc.connect("127.0.0.1", 5000, false, "sqream", "sqream", "master");
```

2.2. Run a query - Create a table

Example

```
string statement = "create or replace table table_name (int_column int)";
new_query(&sqc, statement);
sqc.execute_query();
sqc.finish_query();

OR

run_direct_query(&sqc, "create or replace table table_name (int_column int)");
```

2.3. Run a query - Insert values into table

Example

```
string statement = "insert into table_name(int_column) values (5), (6), (7), (8)";
new_query(&sqc, statement);
sqc.execute_query();
sqc.finish_query();

OR

run_direct_query(&sqc, "insert into table_name(int_column) values (5), (6), (7), (8)");
```

2.4. Run a query - Get column values from table

Example

```
// Retrieve data
string statement = "select int_column from table_name";
new_query(&sqlc, statement);
sqlc.execute_query();

// Pull out the actual data
while (sqlc.next_query_row())
    printf("Number recieved: %d" + sqlc.get_int(0));
sqlc.finish_query();

OR

new_query_execute(&sqlc, "select int_column from table_name");
while (sqlc.next_query_row())
    printf("Number recieved: %d" + sqlc.get_int(0));
sqlc.finish_query();
```

2.5. Run a query - Use bulk insert to insert large amount of data in a programmatic way

Example

```
/* Example of classic Set data loop, using network streaming (also called Network
Insert) */
// here we create the according table by executing a
// "create or replace table table_name (int_column int, varchar_column varchar(10))"
statement

int[] row1 = {1,2,3};
string[] row2 = {"s1", "s2", "s3"};
int length_of_arrays = 3;

// each interrogation symbol represents a column to which the network insertion can
push
string statement = "insert into table_name(int_column, varchar_column) values(?, ?)";
new_query(&sqlc, statement);
sqlc.execute_query();
for (int idx = 0; idx < length_of_arrays; idx++) {
    sqlc.set_int(0, row1[idx]) // put a value at column 0 of the table
    sqlc.set_varchar(1, row2[idx]) // put a value at column 1 of the table

    sqlc.next_query_row();
}

sqlc.finish_query();
```

2.6. Run a query - Starting and finishing

Example

```
/* Initialization - Termination Example */
#include "SQream-cpp-connector.h"

void Query() {
    // Connection parameters: IP, Port, Database, Username, Password
    sqream::driver sqc;
    sqc.connect("127.0.0.1", 5000, false, "sqream", "sqream", "master");
    string statement = "sql statement";
    new_query_execute(&sqc, statement);
    .
    .
    .
    // closes the statement (to do after execute + necessary fetch/put to close the
    // statement and be able to open another one through prepare())
    sqc.finish_query();

    // closes the connection completely, destroying the socket, a call to
    "connect(..)"
    // needs to be done do continue using this "driver sqc" object
    sqc.disconnect();
}
```

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